#### TO CAUSE A HAZARD IN THE USE, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF THIS SUBSTANCE IS AN OFFENCE.

#### Chemical groups:

L1092173

Mandipropamid is a Carboxylic Acid Amides. Oxathiapiprolin is a Piperidinyl-thiazole-isoxazolines

SC Formulation: Suspension Concentrate A systemic fungicide for the preventative control of late blight in tomatoes and downy mildew in cucurbits.

Shelf Life: At least 2 years from date of manufacture when stored in original unopened containers under cool, dry, wellventilated conditions

® Registered Trademark of a Syngenta **Group Company** 



# syngenta.



Before using this product, read and understand the entire label.

Registered by: Syngenta Agro AG, 32 Sandringham Drive, Alexandra Park, Harare. Tel.: 08677005432 / 08677005434

## Distributed by:

**Emergency Call Number:** Swiss Toxicological Information Centre (24 h) +41 44 251 51 51

Zimbabwe Drugs and Toxicology Information Services (DATIS) on +263 242 307 148/ +263 786 100 098

Manufacturer: Syngenta Crop Protection AG. Basel, Switzerland

Date of manufacture/Batch No: See inkiet print on the neck of the bottle.













#### PRECAUTIONS

- Handle with care; avoid splashing / contact; poisonous by swallowing.
- WEAR suitable personal protective clothing (PPE) i.e., boots, gloves and face protection for mixing and boots and overalls, hat, and solid footwear for spraying.
- DO NOT eat, drink, or smoke while using this product. GLUE PAGE
- DANGEROUS TO LIVESTOCK, PETS, FISH, BIRDS, AND BEES.
- DO NOT CONTAMINATE DRINKING POOLS, DAMS, RIVERS, WATER-WAYS AND OTHER WATER SUPPLIES.
- Store in original container, in a cool, dry place UNDER LOCK and KEY.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN and uniformed persons.
- KEEP APART FROM FOOD, FOODSTUFFS, seeds, and fertilizers, ELIXED
- Use only on the crops for which the product is registered. NECESSARY (eg. FRONT PAGE) Avoid drift onto adjacent crops or soil

## ENVIRONMENT AND WILDLIFE: A REPEAT PAGE. PLEASE SWITCH ON VISIBILITY

• DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby

susceptible plants / crops, cropping lands or pastures. **DO NOT** contaminate dams, rivers or streams with the product or used container. **DO NOT** spray across open bodies of water. AS NECESSARY

#### SYMPTOMS OF POISONING TO CREATE A 4, 8, 12, OR 16 PAGE BOOKLET

Non-specific but may include nausea, vomiting, dizziness and headaches. Diarrhoea may also occur with associated symptoms.

#### TEXT ARE

## FIRST AID

**General advice:** Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the Syngenta emergency number or the Drug and Toxicology Information Services, or physician, or going for treatment.

- Eye splashes: Immediately hold eyelids apart and pour in a gentle stream of water for 10-15 minutes. Go to a doctor.
- Skin contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing; wash affected skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before requised person page of the page switch on wishing before requised persons and the page switch on wishing before required to the page switch on wishing before required to the page switch on wishing the page switch on the page switch on the page switch of the page switch on the page switch of the pag
- taminated clothing before re-use A REPEAT PAGE, PLEASE SWITCH ON VISIBILITY

  If product is swallowed, **DO NOT** make the person vomit. Take the person and this container to a doctor at

once.

If inhaled: Move victim to fresh air. S CAN RE ADDED OR REMOVED AS NECESSARY

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

No specific antidote is known. Treat symptomatically.

Never give anything to an unconscious patient and never induce vomiting.

#### DISPOSAL OF EMPTY CONTAINER

Rinse the container 3 times with a volume of water equal to at least 25% of that of the container. Add the rinsate to the contents of the spray tank. Destroy the empty container by perforation and flattening. Place it in a secure disposal area and offer it for recycling. **DO NOT** use it for any other purpose.

DECONTAMINATION OF SPRAYER EPEAT PAGE PLEASE SWITCH ON VISIBILITY
After use, clean the sprayer thoroughly and ensure that all traces of Orondis® Ultra are removed. Make use of

the following method: (a) Drain tank and then rinse tank, sprayer boom and hoses with clean water for at least 10 minutes. (b) Fill tank with clean water and add to it 1,0 litre household bleach (5%) or 1,5 litres household bleach (3,5%) per 200 litres of water. Rinse hoses and sprayer boom and leave in the tank for 15 minutes whilst agitating. Drain through the nozzle outlets. (c) Repeat step (b) and thereafter, rinse thoroughly with clean water and dispose of the wash water at a site designated for the disposal of pesticides.

#### COMPATIBILITY

#### TEXT AREA

If Orondis® Ultra is used in tank mix combinations, mix small quantities of the chemicals with water to test the physical compatibility of the components. The products should be added separately to the bulk water in the spray tank. Add these together while agitating and check for any signs of incompatibility e.g. flocculation, etc. In this instance, full cognizance must be taken of all warnings, precautions and directions for use on that label.

#### WARRANTY

The user bears the risk for damage resulting from factors beyond the manufacturer's control. All recommendations for use of the fungicide are based on the current state of the manufacturer's knowledge. Since the manufacturer's knowledge.

facturer cannot control the farmer's choice of fungicide, it's application, use, or storage of the product, or other agronomic practices, the manufacturer cannot accept responsibility therefore ECESSARY

Resistant strains of fungi may develop or may exist against which fungicides may be less effective. Since the occurrence of such strains cannot be forecast, neither the manufacturer nor its distributors can assume responsibility for any loss or damage caused by failure to control resistant fundi.

TEXT AREA

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Mode of Action
Orondis® Ultra contains two active ingredients; oxathiapiprolin and mandipropamid.

Oxathiapiprolin (FRAC 49) inhibits an oxysterol binding protein (OSBP) homologue. Oxysterol binding proteins are implicated in the movement of lipids between membranes, among other processes. Inhibiting OSBP may disrupt other processes in the fungal cell, such as signaling, maintaining cell membranes, and the formation of more

complex lipids that are essential for the cell to survive.

Mandipropamid (FRAC 40) inhibits cellulose synthesis in Oomycete plant pathogens. Mandipropamid acts on the cell wall and does not enter the cell. In the presence of mandipropamid, glucose incorporation into cellulose is perturbed

TO CREATE A 4, 8, 12, OR 16 PAGE BOOKLET

#### Resistance Management:

(INCLUDING GLUE PAGE)

Repeated use of products for control of specific plant pathogens may lead to the selection of resistant strains of fungi and result in a reduction of disease control. The mode of action of Oxathiapiprolin, one of the active ingredients in **Orondis® Ultra**, is novel and has been assigned the FRAC code 40 and 49. A disease management program that includes rotation and/or tank mixing with fungicides with a different mode of action is essential to reduce the risk of fungicide resistance development. For guidance on a particular crop and disease control situation, consult your country/state extension specialist or official country/state recommendations.

The following restrictions apply to the use of **Orondis® Ultra**:

Exposure to Orondis® Ultra (or any other FRAC 40 and 49-containing product) should not exceed thirty-three
percent (33%) of the total number of fungicide applications with a maximum of four (4) applications per crop
cycle. Where less than three (3) fungicide applications are made, make no more than one (1) application of

- Orondis® Ultra (or any other FRAC 40 and 49-containing product).
- 2. Orondis® Ultra applications are to be made preventively and no more than three (3) times in a sequence before applying a fungicide with a different mode of action.

  OR 16 PAGE BOOKLET
- 3. Where a fungicide with a different mode of action follows Orondis® Ultra (or any other FRAC 49-containing product) application(s), this fungicide preferably should have curative activity.
- 4. **Orondis® Ultra** (or any other FRAC 40 and 49-containing product) must not be used in nursery production of transplanted crops.
- 5. There will be no more than six applications of oxathiapiprolin (or any other FRAC 49-containing product) per year on the same field, targeting the same pathogen.
- 6. No foliar application of exathiapiprolin-based fungicides (or any other FRAG 40 and 49-containing fungicide) should be made following either a seed or soil treatment application of exathiapiprolin.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Use only as recommended ISING A REPEAT PAGE, PLEASE SWITCH ON VISIBILITY Thorough, uniform coverage is essential for effective disease control ESIGN FILE

Thorough, uniform coverage is essential to effective disease control ESIGN FILE

#### For safety when mixing:

- Wear gloves, boots and eye protection (at least glasses). Undiluted Orondis® Ultra can irritate your eyes. If you get it in your eyes wash it out at once. If you spill it on your clothes, change and wash them immedi-ately.
- Triple rinse empty container and pour washings into sprayer tank.

#### For safety when spraying:

- As with all chemicals avoid contact with the spray. EXT AREA
- Wear overalls and boots.

#### For safety after spraying: Wash yourself. Change and wash your work clothes

- · Destroy empty rinsed container by cutting or crushing then place in secure dis-posal site and offer for recycling
- DO NOT use it for any other purpose.
- Wash sprayer thoroughly. Dispose of wash water in a safe manner. CH ON VISIBILITY

## OF 'REPEAT PAGE' LAYER IN INDESIGN FILE

#### Mixing instructions:

Orondis® Ultra a suspension concentrate (SC) which must be diluted in water. For proper preparation, observe the following instructions:

Verify the proper functioning and correct calibration of the equipment before use. Half fill the spray tank with clean water - shake the Orondis® Ultra container thoroughly, immediately before use. Add the required volume of **Orondis® Ultra** to the spray tank. Replace cap after pouring. If tank mixtures are made, add the products to the tank in the following sequence (as applicable): buffers, water dispersible granule or bag, wettable powder, suspension concentrate (Orondise Ultra and other suspension concentrates), emulsifiable concentrate, soluble liquid formulations then adjuvants. Fill the spray tank with water to the required level while maintaining agitation to ensure thorough mixing of the spray mixture before spraying commences. Maintain agitation while spraying. Prepared spray mixture must not be left in the spray tank for more than six hours, as effectiveness may be reduced due to degradation of the product.

General use directions: USING A REPEAT PAGE, PLEASE SWITCH ON VISIBILITY Orondis® Ultra must be applied as a full cover preventive spray for the control of the disease mentioned, ensur-

ing good coverage of the whole plant (the stems and both surfaces of the leaves) by using enough water is used and the spraying equipment is in good working condition and that the nozzles are held at a height that will ensure complete spray coverage. Avoid evaporation and drift2, OR 16 PAGE BOOKLET

Re-entry period:

**CROP / DISEASE** 

DO NOT enter treated area until spray deposit has dried unless wearing personal protective equipment.

Dosage rates and Recommendations

DOSAGE ml/Ha	PREHARVEST INTERVAL (PHI)	
Ground foliar application XED RE400 mb- 500 ml/ha ARY (eg	HOdayE BOTTLE, I. FRONT PAGE)	
Knapsack mixture WITCH OI	1 <sup>1</sup> Vday <sub>BILITY</sub>	

**TOMATO** 

Late blight (Phytophthora infestans) **CUCURBITS** 

Downv mildew (Pseudoperonospora cubensis) sp

30-35ml/15L

#### REMARKS:

- Always apply as a preventative spray application when weather conditions favour disease development.
- Repeat at 7-day intervals. Use the higher rate in high disease pressure conditions and environments.
- For programs in which tank mixes are used, the number of Orondis® Ultra containing applications should not be more than 33% of the total number of fundicide applications per crop cycle/season.
- For use in rotations, apply two (2) consecutive applications per block before alternating with fungicides with a different mode of action.
- Alternate Orondis® Ultra spray applications with fundicides with a different mode of action.
- Ground foliar application: 200 1000 litres water/ha depending on crop size.

**\*NOTE:** Compliance with these withholding periods will ensure that residues do not exceed local Maximum Residue Limits, but the import tolerances of other countries might possibly be exceeded. If the crop to be treated is intended for export, consult the relevant importer or exporting body regarding the use of this product.

#### IF USING A REPEAT PAGE, PLEASE SWITCH ON VISIBILITY

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : ORONDIS ULTRA

Design code : A21591C

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Fungicide

Substance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Company** : Syngenta Crop Protection AG

Postfach CH-4002 Basel Switzerland

 Telephone
 : +41 61 323 11 11

 Telefax
 : +41 61 323 12 12

E-mail address : sds.ch@syngenta.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone : +44 1484 538444

number

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard : EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the

Statements environment, comply with the instructions for use.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3-one. May

produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements : Response:

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
mandings panid (ICO)	Registration number	Acustic Acute 1:	>= 20
mandipropamid (ISO)	374726-62-2	Aquatic Acute 1; H400	>= 20 - < 25
		Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	
oxathiapiprolin	1003318-67-9	Aquatic Acute 1; H400	>= 2.5 - < 10
		Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 0.025 - <
	220-120-9	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	0.05
		Eye Dam. 1; H318	
		Skin Sens. 1; H317	
		Aquatic Acute 1; H400	
bronopol (INN)	52-51-7	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 0.025 - <
bronopor (mara)	200-143-0	Acute Tox. 4; H312	0.1
		Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
		Eye Dam. 1; H318	
		STOT SE 3; H335	
		Aquatic Acute 1;	
		H400	
		Aquatic Chronic 1;	
		H410	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with

you when calling the emergency number, a poison control

center or physician, or going for treatment.

If inhaled : Move the victim to fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses.

Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this

container or label.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : No information available.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : There is no specific antidote available.

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Alcohol-resistant foam

or

Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire

will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous

products of combustion (see section 10).

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Further information : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible

absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13., Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : No special protective measures against fire required.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage : No special storage conditions required. Keep containers

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## ORONDIS ULTRA

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

areas and containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out

of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and

animal feedingstuffs.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the

approval conditions laid down on the product label.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
mandipropamid (ISO)	374726-62- 2	TWA	5 mg/m3	Syngenta
poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyl), alpha- hydro-omega- hydroxy-	25322-68-3	TWA	1,000 mg/m3	CH SUVA
Further information	Harm to the unborn child is not to be expected when the OEL-value is respected			

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.

The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use.

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : No special protective equipment required.

Hand protection

Remarks : No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection : No special protective equipment required.

Select skin and body protection based on the physical job

requirements.

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally

required.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Protective measures : The use of technical measures should always have priority

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: This version replaces all previous 2.0

03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

> over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek

appropriate professional advice.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : opaque

Colour off-white to light brown

Hq

Concentration: 1 % w/v

: 1.0159 g/cm3 (25 °C) Density

1.083 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Auto-ignition temperature approximately 460 °C

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

See section "Possibility of hazardous reactions".

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Corrosive in contact with metals

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid No decomposition if used as directed.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Aluminium

> Mild steel Iron

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve toxic and irritant vapours.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.33 mg/l

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Components:** 

mandipropamid (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.19 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,050 mg/kg

oxathiapiprolin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

bronopol (INN):

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg

Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version 2.0

Revision Date: 03.04.2017

SDS Number: S00036810957

This version replaces all previous

versions.

single contact with skin.

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg

Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### **Product:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

#### **Components:**

## mandipropamid (ISO):

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

#### oxathiapiprolin:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

#### 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result: Irritating to skin.

#### bronopol (INN):

Result: Irritating to skin.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Product:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

## **Components:**

#### mandipropamid (ISO):

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

## oxathiapiprolin:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

#### 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

## bronopol (INN):

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### **Product:**

Test Type: mouse lymphoma cells

Species: Mouse

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

#### **Components:**

#### mandipropamid (ISO):

Species: Guinea pig

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

#### oxathiapiprolin:

Species: Guinea pig

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

## 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Components:

#### mandipropamid (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

#### oxathiapiprolin:

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects., Animal testing did not show any mutagenic

effects.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **Components:**

#### mandipropamid (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment

: No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

## oxathiapiprolin:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

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# ORONDIS ULTRA

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

#### Reproductive toxicity

#### **Components:**

mandipropamid (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

No toxicity to reproduction

oxathiapiprolin:

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### **Components:**

#### bronopol (INN):

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

## **Components:**

#### mandipropamid (ISO):

Remarks: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

#### oxathiapiprolin:

Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Product:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 80

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.38

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# ORONDIS ULTRA

**Revision Date:** Version SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Very toxic to aquatic life., Classification of the product is Acute aquatic toxicity

based on the summation of the concentrations of classified

components.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects., Chronic aquatic toxicity

Classification of the product is based on the summation of the

concentrations of classified components.

Components:

mandipropamid (ISO):

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.4 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 7.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Crassostrea virginica (eastern oyster)): 0.97 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 2.5

mq/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.3

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic

toxicity)

1

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

NOEC: 0.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.076 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# ORONDIS ULTRA

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

oxathiapiprolin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 0.65

mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.67 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >=

0.142 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic

toxicity)

1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

NOEC: 0.46 mg/l Exposure time: 88 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Test Type: Early-life Stage

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.75 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

NOEC: 0.058 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Americamysis bahia (Mysid shrimp)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

1

## 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

bronopol (INN):

Toxicity to algae : NOEC (algae): 0.0025 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic

toxicity)

10

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

mandipropamid (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 4.5 - 26 d

Remarks: Product is not persistent.

oxathiapiprolin:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

bronopol (INN):

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

mandipropamid (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Low bioaccumulation potential.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.2 (25 °C)

oxathiapiprolin:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

mandipropamid (ISO):

Distribution among

environmental compartments

Remarks: Low mobility in soil.

Stability in soil : Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50: 26 - 178 d)

Remarks: Product is not persistent.

oxathiapiprolin:

Distribution among : Remarks:

environmental compartments

Remarks: Low mobility in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: S

2.0 03.04.2017

SDS Number: S00036810957

This version replaces all previous

versions.

#### **Components:**

mandipropamid (ISO):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating

(vPvB)..

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

**Components:** 

mandipropamid (ISO):

Additional ecological

information

No data available

oxathiapiprolin:

Additional ecological

information

No data available

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Additional ecological

information

No data available

bronopol (INN):

Additional ecological

information

No data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration.

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with

local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Triple rinse containers.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 3082
ADR : UN 3082
RID : UN 3082
IMDG : UN 3082
IATA : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADN** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(MANDIPROPAMID AND OXATHIAPIPROLIN)

**ADR** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(MANDIPROPAMID AND OXATHIAPIPROLIN)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(MANDIPROPAMID AND OXATHIAPIPROLIN)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(MANDIPROPAMID AND OXATHIAPIPROLIN)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(MANDIPROPAMID AND OXATHIAPIPROLIN)

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 9
ADR : 9
RID : 9
IMDG : 9
IATA : 9

#### 14.4 Packing group

**ADN** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

**ADR** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (E)

**RID** 

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# ORONDIS ULTRA

Version SDS Number: **Revision Date:** This version replaces all previous 2.0

S00036810957 03.04.2017 versions.

Ш Packing group Classification Code M6 Hazard Identification Number 90 Labels 9

**IMDG** 

Packing group Ш Labels 9 **EmS Code** F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) Y964 Packing group Ш

Labels Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction 964

(passenger aircraft)

Y964 Packing instruction (LQ) Packing group Ш

Labels Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADN** 

Environmentally hazardous yes

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous yes

Environmentally hazardous yes

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant yes

IATA (Passenger)

Marine pollutant yes

IATA (Cargo)

Marine pollutant yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information** 

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

Not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **ORONDIS ULTRA**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic

pollutants

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European : Not applicable

Parliament and the Council concerning the export and

import of dangerous chemicals

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of

major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Quantity 1 Quantity 2

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL 100 t 200 t

**HAZARDS** 

Other regulations : Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the

health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical

Not applicable

agents at work.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic : Chronic aquatic toxicity
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# ORONDIS ULTRA

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: This version replaces all previous

2.0 03.04.2017 S00036810957 versions.

on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB -Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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